

# THE CHINOOK ADVANCE

Vol. 19

Chinook, Alberta, Thursday, February 28th 1935

No. 46

"Shoes" we have our Spring Stock in Men, Women & Children, prices are down

Chlpsa	.19c
Rogers Syrup 5 s	.38c
Qt Jar Pickles	.32c
Gowans Cocoa	.25c
Liquid Smoke	.40c
Ep. Salts 1 lb	.13c

**Acadia Produce Company**

## COAL & WOOD

**Drumheller**  
Lump  
At \$5.50

**Drumheller**  
Stove Nut  
At \$3.90

**Jim Aitken**

Meet Your Friends  
At

The  
**Chinook Hotel**

Fully Licensed  
Gus Cook, Prop.

## Bargains

One late model Philco battery Radio at a special price, if you appreciate fine performance come in for a demonstration, this set has extended wave band, and is very economical.

We have one six tube set which we took in trade on a new Philco. Priced with tubes and speaker at \$20.00. If you want performance at low cost come in and look this over.

**COOLEY BROS.**

Phone 10 Chinook, Alberta

Apples 5 lbs	.25c
Onions 5 lbs	.25c
Boiling beaf per lb	.6c
Fresh pork Sausage per lb	.11c
Pork Roasts per lb	.11c
We will buy all your Hides and Horse hair	

**Chinook Meat Market**

## Chinook 'Spiel

The Curling Club at a meeting held in the garage on Thursday night, decided to put on a Mixed Bonspiel beginning Monday. The bonspiel Committee appointed were: Messrs Lee, Kideout and Todd. Committee to get as many non-members as possible to play: Messrs Peyton, Aitken and Gallagher. Committee to buy prizes: Mrs. Lee, L. Cooley and A. V. Youell. Draw master - Mr. William Milligan. It was decided to engage a caretaker to look after the ice during the 'Spiel. The following are the 13 rinks playing in the Bonspiel.

SKIP	THIRD	SECOND	LEAD
Rideout	J. Aitken	Mrs. Bennett	Zora Horbul
Todd	H. Stewart	J. Gray	Mrs. Stewart
Lee	R. Gillette	Mrs. Pfeiffer	J. Duck
Milligan	D. Bell	Marjorie Lee	Mrs. Massey
Robinson	Youell	E. Gilbertson	Miss Jensen
Chapman	Meeres	Mrs. Peterson	Mrs. Seeger
Peyton	L. Rideout	Mrs. Lee	Joan Bayley
Cooley	G. Aitken	Earl Robinson	M. Milligan
Bennett	Lanley	Betty Milligan	Mrs. Rideout
Marcy	W. Gingles	Annie Osinchuk	John Christensen
John Gingles	E. Elford	Mrs. Cook	A. Meluk
W. Gallagher	L. Milligan	Mrs. Cooley	Geo. Peterson
Gus Cook	W. Seeger	J. Cooley	Miss Kain

## CLOVER AND GRASS SEEDS PRODUCTION

According to world-wide indications, the prospects in Canada for the profitable production of high quality seed of most of the clovers, and of timothy, appear to be bright for some years to come. Present supplies of clover and grass seeds on the North American continent are the lowest in some years. Canada has approximately one-half of her usual requirements of timothy and red clover seed and a lesser proportion of her normal requirements of alsike seed. Stocks of alfalfa seed are somewhat below ordinary requirements while supplies of sweet clover are considered sufficient to meet domestic needs. The United States is reported as having less than one-third of normal requirements of timothy seed and a shortage of red clover and alsike seed. Information as to production in Europe would indicate that there will be only a small quantity of red clover and other seeds available for export for North America. In any case the average Canadian farmer may find it more profitable to grow some seed for home use than to buy all of his requirements on the open market.

## FROM LIVERPOOL ACROSS THE ATLANTIC

The ancient association between Canada and Liverpool in England has been celebrated many times and oft in song and story, but, evidently to make sure that there can no longer be any possible doubt about the matter, Canada has erected on the banks of the river Mersey the largest "Neon" sign ever known in the British Isles. It stands on the Cheshire side of the river opposite Liverpool landing stage and at once offers an exhilarating welcome to arriving Canadians and a reminder to "the old folks at home" that Britain's premier Dominion is really on the map. The sign cannot be hid. It is 119 feet high and 85 feet wide. The word "Canada" on a maple leaf with the smaller word "quality" enclosed in a triangle below, breaks the sky-line by day. By night it flashes in gay colours outwards across the rippling waters of the Mersey, and neither storm nor fog can baffle its purposeful message. As a matter of architectural interest, the sign contains about a mile of Neon piping.

## Peyton News

The social evening at Peyton was quite well attended considering that there were some events on at all of the surrounding districts. It is to be hoped that next time, March 8th, that everybody will be at the same place - Peyton!

The winners in cards were Miss Olga Petersen and Miss Louise Robison, gents Walter C. Anderson and Reynard Petersen.

A U. F. A. meeting will be held at Peyton school March 9th at 2 p. m. Everybody welcome.

## A Challenge

Cooley Bros. have issued a challenge to curl any aggregation in Chinook, the prize to be an Oyster supper. The Red & White Store are pleased to take them on any old time. Please set the date.

## TIMOTHY SEED REQUIREMENTS

While the production of timothy seed in Canada has greatly increased during the past few years (amounting to about 5,000,000 pounds in 1934) Canada's outside sources for a large part of their outside sources for a large part of their annual requirements, which normally amount to about 10,000,000 pounds. Due to the light crop in the principal timothy producing areas in the United States in 1934 on account of drought, prices of timothy seed in Canada have risen as high as 21 cents per pound, as compared with an average price of 10 cents for No. 1 grade for the past three years. In this connection Canadian growers may advantageously take note of one point, namely the rainfall statistics of the United States areas. Since the soil moisture there has been seriously depleted, the 1935 production will depend to a considerable extent on the rainfall between now and next June. Should the rainfall continue less than normal, a corresponding strength in the market for timothy seed in 1935 and 1936 may be expected.

## CANADIAN DRAFT HORSES

In view of the increasing demand in Canada and elsewhere for good commercial draft horses, and of the pressing need for more high-class stallions of the draft breeds in the Dominion, Hon. Robert Weir, Dominion Minister of Agriculture, has inaugurated a breeding policy for the improvement of the Canadian horse industry. To this end the Department has purchased a number of high-class outstanding stallions of three draft breeds which will be located at the following Dominion Experimental Farms—Nappan, Nova Scotia; Fredericton, New Brunswick; Ste. Anne de la Pocatiere, Parnham and Oka, Que.; Ottawa and York Co., Ont.; Morden and Brandon, Manitoba; Indian Head and Scott, Sask.; Lethbridge and Lacombe, Alta.; Agassiz and Ladner district, B. C.

Only pure bred mares are eligible and must be nominated by the owners not later than March 15th. Further particulars may be had upon application to the Live Stock Commissioner, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa; to the Dominion Animal Husbandman, Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa, or to the Superintendent at the Experimental Farm at which the stallion is located, as mentioned above.—Issued by the Press and Publicity Div., Publications Branch, Dept. of Agriculture, Ottawa.

Mrs. Langley and daughter Honor returned from Calgary Sunday morning.

Mr. Demare left for Calgary on Friday returning Monday.

Mrs. Belmont returned from Calgary on Monday where she spent a few days with her daughter.

James Duck spent the week end in Calgary.

## A CHANGE OF ATTITUDE

When Premier Bennett told the Canadian Club of New York that Canada was prepared to meet the United States half way in the downward revision of tariffs, bodies of old political opponents of the Canadian Premier must have turned over in their graves. When one recalls the reciprocity campaign of 1912 and the belligerence with the Hon. Mr. Bennett opposed the proposed trade treaty with the United States, and also his oft-expressed opposition for many years subsequent, it must be realized that the premier has had a remarkable conversion.

Western Canada's greatest need is enlarged markets in the United States for its products. The United States is the natural market for western cattle. It should also provide a limited market for our high quality wheats, for a certain amount of poultry and dairy products. If our stocker cattle had been permitted ingress to the United States during the last four years this country would have no cattle problem.

Of all countries in the world the United States and Canada should have freer trade relations. It is indeed foolish for each country to try to build up uneconomic industries. Such a policy has cost western farmers dearly.

We look forward hopefully to the time when these two countries will have an equitable trade treaty. When this comes to pass the wealth of both countries will be increased. The foolish policies of national self sufficiency which have been rampant throughout the world and have nearly destroyed present-day civilization should be abandoned on the North American continent at least.

The Ladies' Card Club did not meet Tuesday night because of the Bonspiel.

Meeting on 5th March will be held at the home of Mrs. Bennett.

## CHINOOK TRADING CO.

Jelly Powders 5 for	.25c
Soap Chips XX Reg. price	.9c lb.
Oranges size 200s dozen	.43c
Sardines 4 for	.19c
Tea, Estabrooks Tea-Pot per lb.	.43c
Green Plume Prunes 5 lb. box	.55c
Sliced Pineapple 2 tins	.25c
Baking Powder per can	.20c
Blue Ribbon Coffee 1 lb tin	.43c
White Navy Beans 5 lbs	.25c

# News!

## 'SALADA' TEA

now has a blend  
for every purse

### Yellow Label

### 55¢ - 1 lb

### BROWN LABEL - 65¢ 1 lb.

### ORANGE PEKOE - 80¢ 1 lb.

All leaders in their class

#### What Are Actual Needs?

Listening to a discussion the other day on quotas and schedules adopted by governmental authorities as a guidance to those entrusted with the heavy and extremely difficult task of dealing with the cases of people who at this time are compelled to look to governments for the bare necessities of life, the question was forced upon our attention: What do we actually need?

There are an enormous and varied number of things we want, and our wants differ as greatly as our individualities differ, but when it comes down to a definite listing of the things we actually need not only to sustain life, but to make life really worth living, the number and variety of such needs is comparatively small.

People to-day list as needs scores of things which less than a generation ago we had even in existence, or so little known and in use as to be regarded as great luxuries. For example, unemployed people living in our cities and, through no fault of their own compelled to accept municipal and government help, look upon the provision of electric light as an absolute necessity, and would consider it a great hardship if they were asked to resort to candles, or even the old kerosene lamp, as a means of illumination. Yet their parents got along very well with kerosene lamps and their grandparents did not feel they suffered any great hardship because they had nothing but candlelight. And throughout the length and breadth of rural western Canada to-day hundreds of thousands of people get along very well with kerosene lamps. But in our cities people now list electric light as an absolute need.

Casting our memories back to boyhood days, thirty, forty, fifty years ago, we recall that our clothing and food requirements, our actual needs, were small and inexpensive compared with what we list as needs now. As a matter of fact, many of our so-called present day needs are not needs at all, and if our environment was shifted, we would not regard them as needs. Hundreds of people go camping every year, leave what we term "civilization" and go off into the wilds, and put up with conditions of living, and go without scores of things, and enjoy doing so, which at home they insist upon having as actual needs.

Life, and real living, does not consist in the abundance and variety of the material things we may possess. The pioneer lacked most of the things now listed as absolute necessities, yet they enjoyed good health, were happy, and found life well worth the living. They built homes, reared families of sturdy children, saw beauty in their surroundings and developed character. Their needs were few and inexpensive. And they built nations.

These years of depression are developing two types of people. Out of one group men and women are emerging with stronger, firmer characters. They are more self-reliant, with hampering superficialities burned away like so much dross, with the result that with the passing of the depression they will be the strong men and women who will take the leadership in this world, and who, out of the experiences of these years, will profit throughout the years to come. The other group consist of those who have been content to drift with the tide, to regard themselves as the sole victims of circumstance, ready to sit with folded hands and let others not merely provide them with actual needs, but who demand that these others shall further burden themselves in order that they may be supplied with things they want over and above their needs. With the passing of the depression, members of this second group will find themselves unequipped and incapable of making that provision for themselves which they will then be called upon to make.

People in this second group are ruining their own lives and jeopardizing their whole future. Before it is devastatingly too late they should take stock of themselves. The State must and will provide all people with actual needs of subsistence, including shelter, food and clothing when because of the vagaries of nature, or the inability to secure employment, these people cannot supply their own needs. But desires and wants must not be confused with needs. And the fact that the day is coming when all people will have to make provision for their own needs, as well as to gratify their desires and wants, should not be lost sight of.

It would be well, therefore, for all people to give serious consideration to what are needs and govern their demands upon their fellow citizens, as represented by the State, accordingly.

Edwardsburg

## CROWN BRAND CORN SYRUP

AN ENERGY FOOD THAT HAS  
NOURISHED  
MORE CANADIAN CHILDREN  
THAN ANY OTHER CORN  
SYRUP

A product of The CANADA STARCH CO., Limited

#### Heated Railway Car

New Type Is Developed For Transportation Of Fruit And Vegetables

Canadian National and Canadian Pacific Railways are developing a new type heated car for transportation of fruit and vegetables, the Canadian horticultural council was told in the report of its transportation committee.

The council instructed its transportation committee to draft a resolution which would ask a portion of any federal monies voted for building of new rolling stock by the railways be used to increase the number of fruit and vegetable carriers.

Col. R. L. Wheeler, Dominion fruit commissioner, described experiments by the railways to develop a new type heated car. The model he described was charcoal heated, with a system of hot-water pipes similar to a domestic heating plant. The council had asked the railways to consider a gas-burner heater, with inside temperatures regulated by the degree of cold outside the car.

#### Proves That Earth Wobbles

Stars Once Seen Now Do Not Rise Above Horizon

When the astronomers of ancient Greece grouped the stars and found names for them they listed constellations that can now longer be seen from Greece. In this way they supplied Sir James Jeans, the British astronomer, with a proof of a scientific fact discovered long years after they departed this terrestrial planet. Among the constellations named by the men of Greece 2,500 years ago are some which, although visible then, cannot be seen in Greece to-day because they never rise above the horizon. The wobble, as it is called, is a movement of the spinning earth in which its axis makes a small circle once in every 26,000 years; in other words, each pole describes a circular path in the heavens at the speed of about a foot a year. This slow movement is caused by the pull of the sun and moon on the bulging equatorial part of globe.

#### Seek Oil Independence

Germany Hoping Domestic Requirements Will Soon Be Met

Amazing was the resistance offered by the Germans during the war largely because of her scientists, and now the German people are seeking through scientific means to make their country as economically independent as possible. They are increasing their efforts to find substitutes for imports. Not the least of these is petroleum, or the mineral oil from which it is produced. It is now asserted by German scientists that within a few years Germany will be independent of mineral oil imports. Petroleum is being produced synthetically from coal, and success is attending efforts to utilize brown coal—lignite—so extensively found in Germany. In the last year Germany has produced a third of the petroleum needed and she hopes that by 1936 her total domestic requirements will be met.

Advertiser what you will do and then make doubly sure that you do what you advertise to do. That is what makes the fullest success of advertising.

#### Costly Umbrellas

Two of the largest and most expensive umbrellas ever made have been manufactured in Leicester for Akenside H. Cha or Chief of Benin. The umbrellas, which cost \$15 each, have been made for state purposes. Councils will be held under their shade.

#### ALL FOOD MADE HERILL

#### Caused By Acidity—Corrected by Kruschen

"It is only fair to pass these facts on," writes a nurse. "I was suffering from over-acidity and flatulence to such an extent that I was completely ill. I couldn't take food. When I actually forced myself to take something, I would be wretchedly ill. I have now taken Kruschen for 12 months, and I have no doubt that has righted my digestive system. I am now quite fit and able to work with vigor again."—Nurse E. S. Indigestion is caused by a failure in the flow of the gastric or digestive juices. As a result, your food, instead of being assimilated by your system, simply collects and ferments inside you, producing harmful acid poisons. The immediate effect of the six mineral salts in Kruschen is to promote the healthy flow of the vital juices of the body. As you continue with the "little daily dose," it ensures the regular and complete elimination of all waste matter every day. And that means a complete end to indigestion.

#### Strange Happening

Radio Music Is Heard From The Spout Of A Kettle

Steam comes out of the spout of Miss Ruth Lighthour's kettle at Oakville, Ont., but the utensil is also capable of producing other things. During a heavy fog, fine orchestra music came from the water container as it sat on the stove. The program, which was audible eight feet away, lasted 20 minutes, then faded. During a lighter fog the performance was repeated, but the music was fainter.

There is no radio in the house and the stove is in no way connected with a ground or aerial system. Miss Lighthour is at a loss to explain the strange occurrences.

#### Signs All Can Read

Pictorial signs—a telegraph post for the telegraph office, a trunk for the baggage office, and a big question-mark for inquiries—are in use at Parkston Quay, Harwich. All the symbols selected are known the world over, and foreign visitors of all nationalities can "read" them.

Meat packers report that more meat was consumed in the United States in 1934 than ever before in history.

A plant in Norway produces rust-free and acid-resisting steel, having an annual capacity of between 40,000 and 50,000 metric tons.

W. N. U. 2087

BIG  
size  
BIG  
value  
BIG  
satisfaction



## BIG BEN

THE PERFECT

Chewing Tobacco

The Finnish statistical office reports that in the 13 main towns and cities of the republic 19,271 married women are engaged in remunerative activity; this is 18.9 per cent. of all married women there.

Figures show that fewer errors are made in night baseball than when the pastime is played in the day.

#### A Speedy Camera

Photographing simultaneous moving machinery and a clock dial, a camera recently invented in Europe takes up to 2,500 pictures a second and detects errors.

Glasgow, Scotland, and the Isle of Man are to be connected by an air service.

## Are You a COLD-SUSCEPTIBLE?



Do You CATCH COLD Easily? Do Your Colds Hang ON AND ON?

At the first warning sneeze, stuffiness or nasal irritation, quick—apply Vicks VapoRub—standby of two generations for relieving colds. Its direct double action—by stimulation and inhalation—helps to end a cold sooner.

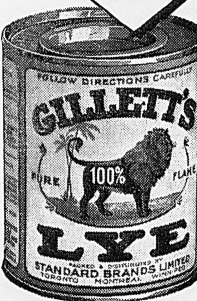
#### WELCOME NEWS FOR COLD-SUSCEPTIBLES!

These twin aids to *fewer and shorter* colds give you the basic medication of Vicks Plan for Better Control of Colds. You'll find full details of this unique, clinically tested Plan in each Vicks package.

VICKS PLAN FOR BETTER CONTROL OF COLD

GREASY POTS AND  
PANS NEARLY  
DROVE ME WILD

UNTIL  
I  
USED



It lifts grease  
right off  
without scrubbing

Just use a solution of 1 teaspoonful of Gillett's Pure Flake Lye in a quart of cold water. Instantly the grease dissolves—without scouring! Use Gillett's Lye whenever you want an effective household cleanser. Frees clogged drains, cleans toilet bowls. Kills germs, and destroys odors. Order a tin from your grocer!

\*Never dissolve lye in hot water. The action of the lye itself heats the water.

FREE BOOKLET—Send for the free Gillett's Lye Booklet. It tells how this powerful cleanser and disinfectant shortens dozens of cleaning tasks. Also gives full directions for soapmaking, thorough cleaning and other uses on the farm. Address: Standard Brands Limited, Fraser Ave., & Liberty St., Toronto, Ontario.

GILLETT'S LYE EATS DIRT



## NOW SORE THROAT EASED IN LESS THAN 3 MINUTES!



1. Crush and stir 3 Aspirin tablets in a third of a glass of water.



2. Gargle thoroughly—throw head back, allowing a little to trickle down throat. Repeat—do not rinse mouth.



3. If you have signs of a head or chest cold, take 2 Aspirin tablets—drink a full glass of water. Repeat in 2 hours.

Rawness, Irritation Go at Once  
Note Directions for  
New Instant Treatment

Incredible as it may seem, doctors are now prescribing a way that relieves raw, painful sore throat in as little as 2 to 3 minutes!

All you do is crush and stir 3 Aspirin tablets in  $\frac{1}{3}$  glass of water and gargle with it twice.

Aspirin tablets disintegrate so completely no irritating particles are left. Results are immediate. At once soreness is eased—discomfort allayed.

Everywhere throat specialists urge this fundamental treatment instead of less effective old-time "washes" and "antiseptics." Remember this. And when you buy, see that you get ASPIRIN. It is made in Canada and all druggists have it. Look for the name Bayer on every Aspirin tablet. Aspirin is the trade mark of the Bayer Company, Limited.

DOES NOT HARM  
THE HEART



## Doctors advise this natural corrective for Constipation!

Not a drug . . . safe, effective, economical!

Stop sour stomach, bad breath, headaches and all constipation ills. You can do it easily, cheaply with Quaker Bran.



Quaker Bran, the coating of the wheat, is milled so soft it cannot irritate. Yet it is effective. It works with nature to produce normal, healthy bowel movement . . . persuading the intestinal muscles to normal activity.

Remember, Quaker Bran is different from all prepared bran cereals. It is pure bran, uncooked—untreated—unadulterated. For these reasons it is definitely richer in mineral and vitamin content.

Serve it with your regular cereal each morning or in muffins, cookies, etc. There is a recipe book in every package.

## QUAKER BRAN

Pure, Natural, packaged bran.

3810

### Royalty Goes Shopping

Queen Mary Visits The British Industries Fair And Makes Purchases

A new tight-proof fable case—it sounds off like an automobile horn when you pick it up—made Queen Mary smile.

Shopping at the British Industries

### Backaches

Indicate kidney trouble. GIN PILLS give prompt and permanent relief as they act directly but gently on the kidneys—soothing, healing and strengthening them. 50c a box at all druggists.



fair in company with the Duke and Duchess of York and one of the Buckingham Palace housekeepers, Mrs. Moore, the queen was startled as the ingenious contrivance shrilled out its alarm. Afterward she displayed evident amusement.

The royal party walked six miles and the queen, always one of the fair's best customers, bought two dozen hand bags, ordered some Australian peach and quince jam, purchased two treasury notes and asked that copies of the "National Markets" recipe book be sent her and the duchess and inspected some herring packed in jam.

Gibraltar now depends for its water on rain collected by an artificial catchment area of nearly 40 acres and stored in large tanks, while a supply of brackish water for other purposes is obtained from wells near the sea level.

A new fungus causing brown spotting of poultry foliage has been discovered in northern Italy. Warm, humid climatic conditions and temperature fluctuations favour the development and spread of the disease.

## The Full Vitamin Value of Cod Liver Oil



Generations have proved the body-building, energy-giving power of pure cod liver oil. Generations, too, have proved that Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil gives you all these, PLUS easier assimilation, pleasant taste, and the added value of hypophosphites of lime and soda. PLUS values found only in Scott's Emulsion.

## PLUS Further Body-Building Virtues



## SCOTT'S EMULSION

THE COD LIVER OIL WITH THE PLUS VALUE  
For Sale by Your Druggist

## THE TENDERFOOT

By  
GEORGE B. RODNEY

Author of "The Coronado Trail",  
"The Canyon Trail", Etc.

### SYNOPSIS

"You've fallen heir to a half-share in plenty of trouble," the lawyer told Gerald Keene. "The Broken Spur has been systematically looting the ranch, and old Joe Carr, your partner, is drinking himself into ruin."

Dad Kane, desert rat and luckless prospector till now returns to tell Dustin and Spike Goddard, who had grubstaked him, of his discovery of a rich gold mine, and shows samples of the ore.

Dustin unexpectedly comes along while Stone and Edith are riding fences and seeing them, stops and talks to Edith. He mentions their dispute could be settled by marrying him, and Edith refuses his proposal with remarks that make Dustin furious. He insults Stone, who promptly throws him into a pool of water.

Stone tells Crewe, his foreman, about his meeting with Dustin. Stone and Crewe go to Seco to send a telegram to Gerald Keene. While at Seco an attempt is made to kill Stone, who proves more than a match for his enemies.

Dustin learns that Gerald Keene has been sent for, and also that Duro Stone has seen the Broken Spur men rustling Carr's cattle. He sets out with Dad Kane to learn the location of his gold discovery. Dad Kane shows Dustin the mine.

They go back to camp, and Dustin shoots Kane. He fixes the shooting on Peyotl Gregg, a drug addict, who, stupefied by the narcotic he has taken, did not know whether he was guilty or not. They bury Kane and then return to the Broken Spur ranch. Meanwhile at the Hour Glass, Carr, Crewe and Stone speculate as to the meaning of entries in the notebook belonging to Dane Kane that Stone had found. Stone thinks of a possible solution, and, accompanied by Edith Carr, rides out to Red Water to test out his theory, which proves correct, and they find the rich gold deposit mentioned in the prospector's notebook. As they return to the ranch, they meet Dustin leaving the house, who purposely, but unsuccessfully tries to ride down Stone.

(Now Go On With The Story)

### CHAPTER XII.—Continued

"It's peyotl," he said sharply. "I know the damned stuff. Peyotl is the old Aztec name. All I know of it is that it is one hell of a kind of dope. After a little while it causes the user . . . distorts his ideas of right and wrong, you know. If you found those half-smoked stabs by the camp fire, it's pretty clear that whoever was there was using peyotl cigarettes. It's against the law, of course."

"Do you happen to know whether old man Kane uses the stuff?"

"I'm damned sure he does not," said Jameson. "He gets hung-full on red-eye when he comes to town, and he gets the Indians to make tin for him sometimes, but I'm sure he doesn't dope."

"Think Dustin uses it?"

"Not for a minute. Hardly any one uses it now. The Indians used to use it because they like to get all hopped up and it was too risky selling whisky to Indians. A federal offense, you know. It crazes 'em. I only know one fool about here who ever uses the stuff and that's Gregg out at the Broken Spur. They call him 'Peyotl' Gregg because of the way he gets full on it. He's a half-wit who's been working on the Broken Spur ever since Dustin and Goddard got it."

"Humph! If you're right . . . then this man Gregg must have been at that camp in the hills. If Kane was there then this man Gregg may be able to tell us where we can find him. Tell me this, Jameson . . . What's the minin' law? Can a man, who locates an ore-vein, follow that vein when it leads into and under another man's land?"

"I'm pretty sure he can," said Jameson after a moment's thought. "That is . . . he can follow a vein that he finds off a man's land. He can't go on a man's land, pick up a vein and follow that. It's got to be done fairly. . . . Find a vein on his own land; trace it under some one else and follow it there unless the land owner beats him to it. See? Why?"

"Well, it sizes up this way to me. . . . Dustin and Kane have found ore on the Hour-Glass. Carr doesn't know about it. Dustin has bought up a note that Carr gave Pegram and Dustin will use that note to try to make Edith marry him to save her father. That note gives Dustin half ownership in the Hour-Glass and will make Gerald Keene, who owns the other half of the Hour-Glass, a partner of Sam Dustin and, if Dustin's plans work out, he will marry Edith Carr."

"Just what do you want?" demanded Jameson curtly.

"First of all I want to find old man Kane. He's the key to the puzzle. He's got to tell us just what kind of a deal he's made with Dus-

## ROUGH HANDS FROM SOAP AND HOT WATER?



APPLY HINDS Restores Velvet Softness



lin. He can tell us where and how he found that ore. And if it's on the Hour-Glass, whether Dustin knew it was on the Hour-Glass when it was located. He may be able to tell us if this man Dustin uses peyotl. If he does, he's probably not responsible for his actions."

"You're barkin' at a knot," said Jameson forcibly. "Sam Dustin is always responsible for his actions. Look here, Stone! What stake have you got in this. You're playin' too close to your lap for me. Come clean, old man."

"You know how the Hour-Glass is owned, don't you?" asked Stone suddenly.

Jameson did not know and said so. "Joe Carr owns one half of it. Gerald Keene, the nephew of old Peter Vinton, owns the other half. If one of them dies the survivor gets all."

Jameson stood staring at him for a moment. Then he went to a closet and came back with bottle and glasses.

"You're tryin' to talk like a sane man," he said, "but your words just don't target. You don't know this man Dustin. By Carr's note, Sam Dustin practically owns Carr's half of the Hour-Glass ranch. Keene owns the other half. A gold-mine has been found on the Hour-Glass. Will Sam Dustin give half of the Hour-Glass with its gold mine to a man he never saw? What deal will he make with this Gerald Keene? I'll tell you. In some way or other, in some damned dark, deep way that we couldn't think of, Gerald Keene will lose his share of the Hour-Glass and, Sam Dustin will own it."

"Talk your age," said Stone laughingly. "This man Dustin, that you all credit with superhuman powers,

## SHORTHAND By Mail

Positively successful by use of Shaw's Improved Home Study Course at low cost to nervous writers.

Write Shaw Schools, Dept. T-T, Bay-Charles Bldg., Toronto, Canada.

## FALSE DR. WERNER'S POWDER



## TEETH

## SKIN RASHES

Give Place to Velvet Smooth Skins

In almost countless numbers, skin sufferers have had cause to be thankful for D.D.D., the prescription of a highly successful physician, Dr. D. D. Dennis. This liquid prescription, now made and endorsed by Campari's Italian Balm chemists, always irritates almost at once, and quickly clears up such skin troubles as eczema, hives, acne, ringworm, dandruff, pimples and rashes. Ask your druggist for D.D.D. Prescription. Trial size, 35c. Guaranteed to give instant relief or money refunded.

## HEADACHE, BACKACHE?



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can't work miracles, I reckon. The main thing for me to do is . . . find this man Kane. He's the key to the whole damned mess."

"You're probably right"—Jameson nodded curtly—"but consider this . . ."

In the camp near where that gold-ore was found you found those pieces of peyotl cigarettes. I don't believe anybody about here but that man Gregg ever smokes them. If our guess is right, then Peyotl Gregg was with the man who found or located that ore vein. . . . Probably old man Kane. The fact that Sam Dustin had that package in his coat pocket implicates him, of course. You can always get him under the narcotic law. He can explain it, of course. . . . But we don't need that now. Your best bet to find out exactly what has taken place is . . . question Peyotl Gregg or . . . find Dad Kane. . . . But for God's sake tell this man Gerald Keene to watch his step when he gets here."

"What do you mean?" demanded the mystified Stone.

"You half-baked idiot! . . . Jameson flung himself across the desk. "This man Gerald Keene represents one-half of the Hour-Glass. Sam Dustin virtually owns the other half in the note that he holds from Joe Carr. Gold has been found on the Hour-Glass and Dustin knows about it. Do you want to see Sam Dustin marry Edith Carr?"

There was no doubt in Duro Stone's answer to that question.

"All right! Then carry out your first plan. . . . Find Dad Kane! I'll start a still-hunt for him. In the meantime we might try a hand at Peyotl Gregg if we can find him."

With those words in his ears, Duro Stone took his departure.

### CHAPTER XIII.

Spike Goddard watched Dustin ride up to the ranch-house of the Broken Spur and turn his horse over to one of the hands. With one glance at his partner Spike emitted a long, low whistle, went to the office, got out decanter and glasses and sat down to wait. Presently Dustin stormed up the steps, banged into the house and into the office, where he stood staring at his partner. Spike's very silence condemned him; also it acted on Dustin like salt on an open cut.

"What the hell alls you?" demanded Dustin curtly. "Anything happen to you?"

Spike shook his head. "Nothin' ever happens to me," he said. "I stay home and 'tend to my knittin' and nothin' ever happens to me. If I ever went traipsin' over the valley trailin' some red-headed girl who likes me just as much as a prairie-dog likes a ground-rattler, I might expect somethin' to happen to me but it never does. . . ."

The bottle whizzed past his head and broke in a score of fragments on the wall. He retrieved the glass that had escaped ruin and laughed.

"You go on an answer your own question. What all happened to you?"

Dustin told him sketchily and Spike listened in evident disbelief. When that disbeliever grew too great for words, Dustin turned on him in growing wrath.

"Listen here," he said. "I'm goin' to come clean with you, Spike. Then you'll understand what I'm after."

"I know," said Spike guardedly. "You're after that red-headed girl of Joe Carr's."

"Yes and by God, I'll get her, too. I went over to the Hour-Glass to put it up to her, but she was out ridin' with that damned drug-store cowboy, wanderin' over the country. Six months from now she'll be my wife and she'll have her own kitchen to tend to. She'll be stayin' home then."

"Looks like that ambition ought to keep any red-headed woman content," said Mr. Goddard, grinning. "It looks to me like you've got the means to persuade her. Why didn't you tell old man Carr that you've bought up his note to Pegram for eleven thousand dollars and that if Edith don't marry you, they're both headin' for the Poor Farm? You'd have him short if you spring that on him."

(To Be Continued)

### Teachers May Resign

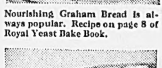
Unless their salaries are raised, some of the ablest members of the University of Alberta staff are likely to resign and join other institutions. A warning of this danger is sounded by Dr. R. C. Wallace, president of the university, in his annual report to the board of governors. The board's report has been tabled in the legislature by Hon. Perren Bulker, minister of education.

A South American bird, the crest-crested screecher, fights with its wings and has two horns on each one.

## Use ROYAL YEAST CAKES for a variety of breads like these . . .



Nourishing Graham Bread is always popular. Recipe on page 8, Royal Yeast Cake Book.



French Tea Ring . . . a dainty luncheon treat. See recipe on page 9, Royal Yeast Cake Book.



This Dutch Apple Cake will make a tempting dessert—recipe on page 13, Royal Yeast Cake Book.



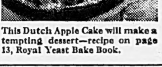
This Dutch Apple Cake will make a tempting dessert—recipe on page 13, Royal Yeast Cake Book.



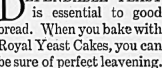
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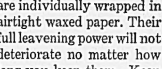
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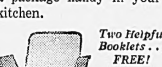
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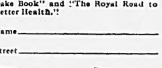
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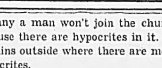
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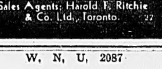
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**DEPENDABLE YEAST**  
is essential to good bread. When you bake with Royal Yeast Cakes, you can be sure of perfect leavening. These famous yeast cakes are individually wrapped in airtight waxed paper. Their full leavening power will not deteriorate no matter how long you keep them. Keep a package handy in your kitchen.

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Many a man won't join the church because there are hypocrites in it. He remains outside where there are more hypocrites.

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You Need  
**Wincarnis**  
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MEDICAL  
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W. N. U. 2087

## The Ottawa Letter

The high-light of the proceedings this week is the introduction of an amendment to the Farm Loan Act, especially to facilitate the operations of the Farmers' Creditors Arrangement Act, passed last session. The Federal Farm Loan Board will be re-organized to provide for "not less than three, nor more than five members" the chairman of which will be commissioner of farm loans. Under the present Act the Minister of Finance is chairman of the Board but Mr. Rhodes explained that it is impossible for the Minister to attend the meetings with any degree of regularity. To do away with dual responsibility—or possibilities of "passing the buck"—the provincial farm loan boards will be abolished and full responsibility will be vested in the central board. There will be a representative of this Board in each province, with possibly a voluntary advisory committee to work with him. The Board's annual budget will be augmented by a \$10,000,000 increase in each of the two funds, cash from the Dominion treasury and government guarantee of farm loan bonds making the total \$50,000,000 in the latter \$40,000,000, or \$90,000,000 in all. The proposed amendment also abolishes the provision obliging the borrower to subscribe to five per cent of farm loan stock, and provision is made for return of arrears in any form subscribed, either in cash, or credit allowances. It is also proposed to make provision for shorter term loans, when such are desired, than the present term of twenty years.

But the important point from the farmer's standpoint will be the interest rate on these loans. Members on all sides urged that the rate should not exceed four per cent, which is declared to be the limit most farmers are able to pay. And incidentally better to the Board, to charge four per cent and get it than six per cent and not be able to collect. The Minister agreed that the rate should be as low as possible but reminded the members that this would depend upon the rate which the government had to pay for money, plus cost of operation and a margin of reserve to absorb inevitable losses. Mr. Rhodes said he would like to throw away public money and there must be reasonable protection of the public purse. I speak for the government when I say it will be our endeavor to administer this Act in a generous spirit, but we must protect the public interest, but with the sole object of assisting the farmer to remain on the land.

Farmer members on all sides took part in this discussion and there was some airing of grievances in connection with the amendments to the Farm Loan Board, but the House was in complete agreement on the principle of the amendment. No doubt many suggestions will be discussed when the bill comes to committee stage.

Three days a week are still devoted to private members' business, and a considerable number have been disposed of. Dr. Cotnam (Cons. Renfrew) asked for an amendment to the Old Age Pension Act to admit blind persons at forty years of age. Mr. Cotnam said there are about 8,000 blind in Canada but as many of these are either of independent means, cared for by relatives, or come under the operation of other relief funds, the amendment would affect only some 2,000 persons which would mean no very great increase in the pension fund. This amendment was briefly commended by many members, and the Minister of Finance (Mr. Bennett) was sent to the Committee of Industrial Relations, which was agreed to by the mover on condition that it be resubmitted to the House this session.

A subject discussed every year, which has taken the form of a resolution this session, has been the employment on government subsidized ships operating in Pacific waters. Mr. Reid (Lib. New Westminster) sponsored the resolution, asking the government to take some action on this matter. He cited figures to show that government subsidies to steamships, to enable them to compete with Oriental boats, have increased from \$227,000 in 1930 to \$1,180,000 in 1934, and yet figures compiled a few weeks ago reveal that these ships are employing 2,500 Orientals, while 25,000 white Canadians are unemployed on the Pacific coast. 400 of these being young men in relief camps. Mr. McIntosh (Lib. Vancouver) supported the resolution and suggested that if a minimum wage were in force for seamen the steamship companies would soon remedy this condition. Other British Columbia members agreed that something should be done about this and Mr. Woodworth pointed out that these boats are always taken to the Orient for repairs while the Government stands idle. The Minister (Dr. Macdonald) said that no doubt other members as well as himself had received letters of protest from the steamship companies since this resolution had been from the order paper and he moved that the matter be referred to the committee of industrial relations where these companies would be able to state their case. Mr. Reid apparently by resolution on this subject the resolution and wished to add the words "for investigation and report" but the Minister said this was understood. So that's that!

Mr. Speakman (U.F.A.) said his annual resolution for the formation of an

Economic Council was placed on the order paper before the Prime Minister had forecast such a Council in his brief address, but he thought a brief discussion would be in order. He had been advocating such a Council for many years but for some time it had met with opposition which had gradually increased to the point where it was much gratified to know that such a Council would now be instituted. In former years any mention of "planned economy" was taken as a veiled reference to Russia and aroused violent opposition, but on this occasion the only support the idea was Mr. J. R. MacNeil (Cons. Toronto) who himself cited Russia as an example of progress made under national planning. The discussion was brief, the only opposition coming from Mr. Hanbury (Lib. Van. Burrard) and the resolution was withdrawn in favor of a similar one to be introduced by the government.

Under agricultural estimates the Minister (Mr. Weir) gave a brief review of an extensive program for research and demonstration in an effort to rehabilitate the dried-out areas in the prairie provinces. A great mass of information has been secured in relation to this subject and it is proposed to select fairly large areas for demonstration purposes. The experiments will be conducted by the Dept. of Agriculture but there will be an advisory committee composed of successful ranchers and farmers, with some business men, to aid in the operation of the project, and the aim will be to work out a permanent policy for carrying on farming or ranching in these areas. The announcement was with approval and much more will be heard of the scheme.

One real campaign debate was included in, upon a resolution of approval of the Empire trade agreements, sponsored by Mr. Harris (Cons. Toronto). This occupied one afternoon session, many members taking part, and was adjourned to a future time. Mr. MacKenzie King doubted the motives of the government in having this all-important subject debated under a private member's motion, and he wondered whether it would have the effect of preventing discussion at the proper time, in the committee of ways and means. He did not quite see the object of the resolution, as these agreements already had the approval of the government supporters, a majority in the House. Mr. Guthrie interjected "Of all Hon. members, the majority," to which Mr. Harris replied "May I say that my friend will be very much disappointed if he is looking for any such verdict on the operations of these agreements." The debate was lively but need not be given here. It was carried by all classes during the election campaign.

A motion to go into ways and means was again met by Mr. King with an amendment, that priority be given Dept. of Labor estimates in order that conditions of unemployment and distress all over Canada might have immediate consideration and discussion. The Prime Minister said the leader of the opposition must be aware that this amendment constituted a want of confidence motion, and the consequence, if carried, by the leader of the government had no much to do with the amendment as such plan. If the amendment were withdrawn he would agree that the next item of supply after the three already in progress should be the Labor. After some discussion between the two leaders the Speaker ruled the amendment was not in order. Motion again fell.

The Prime Minister announced that May 6th would be a national holiday in celebration of the king's accession to the throne. The government will announce a program of proceedings on Parliament Hill in which all public organizations will be invited to join and it was hoped similar celebrations would be held at local centers throughout Canada.

As a special act of thanksgiving on the part of the people of Canada, the Governor General, on March 1st will initiate an appeal for the establishment of a permanent fund to be known as the "King George V Silver Jubilee Cancer Fund for Canada" for the promotion of cancer research.

Although not spectacular from the casual visitor's point of view this week has been marked by some significant discussions in the House. Outstanding in this regard was the debate on constitutional rights, carried on almost entirely by the two leaders and their lieutenants, the present and former Ministers of Justice. The Minister of Justice for his industrial reform measures the Prime Minister asked the House to approve various conventions of the International labor organization of the League of Nations since 1919, claiming that this would implement the rights of the federal government to legislate in regard to minimum wages, maximum working hours, etc. By becoming a member of the League of Nations Canada assumed national responsibility in respect to conventions of the League, and formal ratification of such conventions by parliament is the final step in acceptance of this responsibility.

In support of his claim of federal jurisdiction the Prime Minister quoted extensively from Sections 91, 92 and 132 of the British North America Act, and from various opinions of eminent jurists as well as decisions of the

higher courts. Sections 132 of the Act reads as follows: "The parliament and government of Canada shall have all such powers as may be necessary or proper for performing the obligations of Canada or British Empire, toward foreign countries. The leader of the government contended that Canada's signature to the Treaty of Versailles clearly brought measures of industrial reform into the classification of treaty agreements. "The body corporate, the entity of this bill is the Dominion of Canada and that dominion speaks through this parliament with respect to matters to which we have bound ourselves by our treaty obligations. That is all there is to it" declared the Prime Minister. As an illustration of the wide powers of federal jurisdiction he referred to recent judgments in regard to radio and aeronautics.

The leader of the opposition and the former Minister of Justice, Mr. LaPointe, took no exception to approval of the convention but did express the opinion that jurisdiction upon the federal government to legislate in industrial matters. "The assumption of jurisdiction does not create it," said Mr. LaPointe and he was insistent on the opinion that jurisdiction in these matters lies in the provincial field. He was absolutely in favor of minimum wage and 8-hour day legislation but thought it would be disastrous to put these laws on the statute books if they were later to be found ultra vires. Labour members declared that such legislation was long overdue and approved of the Prime Minister's stand on the question of jurisdiction. The House was passed without division and sent to the Senate for ratification.

Upon motion for second reading of the unemployment insurance bill the Prime Minister set out at length the main provisions of the bill and the proposed method of administration. A fund will be created by contributions from employees, employers and the government, and benefits may begin after payments for a minimum of forty weeks. The fund will be administered by a committee of three, one representing each contributing group with an advisory committee, possibly of a voluntary character, assisted by local committees, all of which will have representatives of both employers and employees. There will be a system of employment exchanges, similar to the existing system but operated by the commission, with co-operation of the provinces, in an effort to co-ordinate work and wages. Perhaps the most generally interesting paragraph in the Prime Minister's speech was his reply to complaints that the bill does not meet the present need. "Not for a single moment," he said, "I suggest that this will relieve the position of men unemployed at the present time. I have never done so. I have other ideas as to how that may be dealt with," said the Prime Minister.

Hon. MacKenzie King said he was heartily in accord with the principle of social insurance and with a new system of unemployment insurance. In reply to a criticism of the Prime Minister that such a system should have been brought in by the Liberal administration, he proceeded to lay out the handicaps under which the government was working at that time. The enormous increase in the national debt, incurred during the war; the obligation of providing pensions and re-employment for the returned soldier; the disarming and re-building of the largest railway system in the world, and during the first years, coping with the worst depression up to that time. Added to this was the difficulty of carrying on without a working majority. As soon as possible the government intended legislation with a bill for old age pensions (which was at first thrown out by a Conservative Senate) and they were actually working on a plan for unemployment insurance at the time of the 1930 election. "It is impossible to do everything at once," said Mr. King. "I know my right hand is trying to do everything at once, but he is in a class by himself in that regard." Referring to the present bill the Liberal leader was of the opinion that the Prime Minister was building upon sand, as there was still doubt whether such legislation had any constitutional validity. There is no doubt that forty-five sections of the bill will provide plenty of opportunity for discussion.

The adjourned Ottawa agreement, which had a second field day in which the Minister of Agriculture took part. Some of the most enthusiastic party campaigners on both sides, armed to the teeth with statistics, took part in proving clearly that the Empire agreements are, and are not, beneficial to Canada. When the debate had proceeded for several hours with no sign of conclusion, Mr. Woodworth registered a vigorous protest against such party tactics. He reminded the House that a program of some twenty major reforms had been listed in the speech from the throne and they were wasting time thrashing over "old straw" of three years ago. "The Imperial Conference agreements were brought forth with almost as much enthusiasm as the present one," he said. "No, that is not the word" said the leader of the C. C. F. "I think badly, he is better as the present reform program but I do not think any member of the government will be able to agree that the Empire agreements have solved Canada's problems. The Prime Minister himself tells us we are in a very bad way and the only possible way to get out of our trouble is by carrying out the program of Mr. Neil (Lib. B. C.)

agreed with this view of the matter and said if the govt. really wanted a verdict in the agreements they will let it as the word. "The motion as introduced is a trick" said Mr. Neil. "It demands yes or no to a specific question which is no more capable of being answered than that the old gag of asking a candidate if he had stopped beating his wife. The agreement is a trap for the govt. as we want to be free to deal with the whole world." This debate was again adjourned.

The annual resolution requesting a railway outlet to the Pacific coast from the Peace River country was brought in for the fourth time by Mr. Kennedy (U. F. A. Peace River) in its usual course and was shelved again with the Minister's annual amendment, "when circumstances permit." Mr. Kennedy made his usual reasonable appeal, supplemented with two arguments of extra thinness, that a beginning could be made at this time as a measure of unemployment relief, and that the Peace River country with its splendid soil and unfailing rainfall, is the natural haven for farmers who are being forced out of the southern dry areas of the prairie provinces. The mover was ably supported by Mr. Fraser (Cons. Cambo) who referred to the mines, forests and water power available in that district, in addition to agricultural products. A. E. Munro (Lib. N. Vancouver) suggested an extension of the Pacific Great Eastern as a useful employment for the men in the relief camps, and by Mr. Speakman (U.F.A. Red Deer). The Minister congratulated Mr. Kennedy on his persistence and said he would look into the matter of including the project in connection with relief work, but could hold out no very great hopes of immediate action in regard to linking up the district with a direct outlet to the Pacific.

In reply to a question by Mr. B. M. Stitt (Cons. Nelson) in regard to reduction of insurance rates on the Hudson Bay route, the Minister of Marine said the matter is being taken up by the Canadian High Commissioner in London and would look into the matter of including the project in connection with relief work, but could hold out no very great hopes of immediate action in regard to linking up the district with a direct outlet to the Pacific.

The Co-operative Commonwealth resolution, introduced by Mr. Woodworth and apparently endorsed by all members of the third group, has had a first round of discussion. The leader of the C.C.F. referred to the success of the Federation in its brief existence, candidates endorsed by this organization, speaking, received some 300 votes in provincial elections, with the second largest group in the legislatures of British Columbia and Saskatchewan. In recent civil elections men receiving the support of C.C.F. members are now chief magistrates in four cities—Winnipeg, St. Boniface, Windsor and Toronto and he thought the party was no longer a mere idea but a concrete fact. In support of his contention that the capitalist system is failing to function in the interests of the great majority of the people of Canada, the C.C.F. leader said he could now call as his chief witness the Prime Minister himself. He quoted statements by the Prime Minister in the House in his condemnation of the capitalist system and declared the system has produced a condition of economic slavery. "Very few people today speak out for fear of losing their jobs" said Mr. Woodworth and proceeded to outline some of the changes proposed under a new system. The resolution was opposed and the capitalist system upheld by two Toronto members, Dr. Anderson and Mr. J. R. MacNeil, and by J. H. Stitt (Cons. Selkirk). It was supported by E. J. Givens (U.F.A.) and by Mr. Macdonald. The Prime Minister was referred to a future time. It was a rather curious comment on political arguments that a member on each side used the same illustration to prove quite opposite contentions. At the afternoon sitting Dr. Anderson opposing a change quoted the familiar statistic issued by an insurance company to show that out of one hundred men who have lived to the age of 65, only 10 will have lived to the age of 85, and at the evening sitting Mr. Garland (evidently absent while Dr. Anderson was speaking) used the same figures to prove the failure of

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## CARD OF THANKS

We wish to thank all those who so kindly assisted at the time of the death of our infant daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. Russel Marr

The Womens Institute will meet at Mrs. Bennett's home on Wednesday, March 6 Mrs. Sher's committee will have charge of the program on Canadian Industries.

Roll all Name an invention along industrial lines by which women have benefited.

## THE ADVANCE WEATHER BULLETIN

Week of Feb. 25 to March 3, 1935  
Feb. 25.—Clear, cold weather in northwest, but to southeast near great lakes mildly stormy, some snow and short spell of moderating temperatures central sections.

Tues. Feb. 26.—Remaining unsettled cloudy, some snow along southern borders and southeast near great lakes but turns clear and cold in most of the northwest.

Wed. Feb. 27.—Cold wave from the northwest reaches central regions, but in southeast remains mild, unsettled, windy and some snow.

Thurs. Feb. 28.—Cold wave drifts on to southeast, covering nearly all the country and for northwest temperatures drop to much lower levels.

Fri. March 1.—Weather moderates, especially about southwest of central provinces, where it is unsettled, misty and probably some snow.

Sat. March 2.—Sudden change to colder and clearing in northwest, but remains unsettled in southern border sections and the southeast.

Sun. March 3.—Clearing and very cold weather in nearly all the north and northwest to the great lakes, rain snow in Pacific southwest.

Week of Feb. 25 to March 3, 1935, in central provinces begins with unsettled, mildly stormy weather, but in the northwest clearing and changing to much colder. Unsettled conditions drift to the southeast, cold spell comes on and around 20th very considerable decline in temperatures in nearly all the country. For a day or two temp. cold. First of week light snows in southeast, south and the Pacific southwest, but generally throughout the country, especially in central northwest.

At the end of a rather mild spell this last week in February begins several days, then suddenly turns very much colder than an unsettled stormy spell. Close estimates of the degree of "sub-zero" temperatures in these greatly diversified regions cannot be made, but in general it may be said that in the north and northwest it is rather rather clearer and colder than about the southwest, if we consider that the valley of the south Saskatchewan river is about central in this country. But this is probably the least extremely cold of the winter, although really moderate temperatures are not expected until after the second week in March.

## The Women's Corner

## TOUR DE BOOKS

It is a woman's club idea to take a trip, by book, if you cannot actually do it by steam or motor. This stay-at-home travel has many advantages which hardly globe-trotting lacks. One can step overnight more comfortably in his own bed. The planis, the canary, the moths, the water system, the lawn, and the furnace need not be neglected by long absence. There is less strain and rushing about, and incidentally it is less expensive. What a jolly year's entertainment for the whole family it would be to encircle the globe—old book. What a jolly year's entertainment for the whole family it would be to encircle the globe—old book. What a jolly year's entertainment for the whole family it would be to encircle the globe—old book.

In what country will you first land? Study its history, somewhat sketchily. One member may remark that to all other things the family read in interesting different sketches of that country, and compare notes on it. After several days of loitering in that country—mentally—move on to another. This can be done without passports nor tickets, just draw an paper set of books from the library, and there you are. No use being ignorant about this earth of ours, just because we cannot visit it in person.

THE MACARONI FAMILY  
Macaroni, spaghetti and noodle, all three belong to the Italian food-pasta family. A variety of other products belong to this same family, though they differ in names, shapes and sizes. Macaroni and spaghetti, when bought in the store, are usually in boxes. Noodles, for example, are often colored to look as though egg had been added. The label should tell.

Read the directions for cooking, too, or you may cook the whole package, thinking it small. These foods swell in cooking, and accompany other foods in use, and are so light in weight when dry that an ounce or two goes a long way in the finished dish. The usual method of cooking macaroni, spaghetti and noodles is to first boil them for ten or fifteen minutes. This water is drained off. A highly seasoned sauce, or tomato sauce, or sauce with other vegetables, chopped meats or cheese, is then added, and the mixture baked for about thirty minutes. Noodles are often added to soups, without any boiling, and are cooked slowly until they have absorbed much of the seasoning and the liquid of the broth.

INSTALLMENT BUYING  
There are occasions when it is wise to buy things on the installment plan, as when the article is needed and its purchase would be long delayed if paid for all at one time. Buy on the installment plan only what you can pay for in a reasonably short time, and permanent articles which will not be out of style before they are paid for.

## THE CHINOOK ADVANCE

Published by Mrs. M. C. Nicholson every Thursday afternoon from The Advance Building, Main Street, Chinook, Alberta, and entered in the Postoffice as second class mail matter.

The subscription rates to The Advance are \$1.50 per annum in Canada and \$2.00 outside of Canada.

The transient advertising rates in The Advance are—display, 40c per inch for first week and 30c for each succeeding week, providing no change is made. For heavy composition an extra charge is made for first week. Reading notices, 10c per column line. Legal advertising, 15c per column line for first week and 10c for each succeeding week. Cards of thanks, 10c.

Advertisements under this heading are charged at the rate of 50c for 25 words or less per week, with 10c for each additional 5 words. Three weeks for the price of two.

All letters addressed to the editor for insertion in The Advance, must be signed to show bona fides of the writer. Publication in all cases is subject to the judgment of the Publisher. We do not necessarily coincide with views expressed.

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WINTER SALADS  
Many people do not find it convenient to have lettuce on hand for salads in the winter, and they think for that reason they cannot serve salads—but cabbage will do, instead of lettuce. Cabbage is one of our most valuable foods and should be eaten at least three times a week. It is cheap and found almost everywhere. For salads, use a leaf as a nest or base, or shred it and let it be the foundation. Celery tops or parsley or endive grown in the cellar will also serve.